# I can: Solve inequalities Use Interval Notation Use the Addition Principle for Inequalities Use the Multiplication Principle for Inequalities Use the Principles together 

$$
4.1 \text { and } 4.2
$$


$-\frac{5 x}{-2}<\frac{80}{-5}$
$16-7 y \geq 10 y-4$

$$
-10 y-10 y
$$

$x<-16$


$$
f(x)=-3(x+8)-5 x \quad \text { and } \quad g(x)=4 x-9
$$

Find where $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x}) \geqslant \mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
-3(x+8)-5 x>4 x-9 \\
-3 x-24-5 x>4 x-9 \\
-8 x-24>4 x-9 \\
\frac{-4 x}{-12 x-24>-9}+724+24 \\
\frac{-12 x<15}{-12}+12 \\
x<-\frac{5}{4}
\end{array}
$$

$[\quad]$


$$
(-\infty, 2]
$$



## I can: Find the union and intersections of sets <br> Use interval notation and domains to demonstrate mastery

4.2

The intersection of two sets $A$ and $B$ is the set of all elements that are common to BOTH A and B
$A \bigcap B$
find the intersection of
$\{1,2,3,4,5\} \bigcap\{-2,-1,0,1,2,3\}$
$\}$

When two or more sentences are joined by the word AND to make a compound sentence the new sentence is called a conjuction
$-2<x$ and $x<1$

Graph and write interval notation for the conjuction

## Solve and graph $-1 \leq 2 x+5<13$

## When $A \cap B=Q$ then $A$ and $B$ are said to be Disjoint

## The union of two sets $A$ and $B$ is the collection of elements belonging to A and/or B

$A \cup B$
Find the union $\{2,3,4\} \cup\{3,5,7\}$
$\{\longrightarrow\}$

## Solve and graph

$$
7+3 x \leq 3 \text { or } 13-5 x<3
$$

$$
3 x-11<4 \text { or } 4 x+9 \geq 1
$$

